1. The probability of passing Professor Avila's math class is $65 \%$, the probability of passing Professor Reid's biology class is $45 \%$, and the probability of passing both is $25 \%$. What is the probability of passing one or the other?
2. Suppose the inside bottom of a box is painted with three colors: $1 / 3$ of the bottom area is blue, $1 / 6$ is red, and $1 / 2$ is yellow. If you toss a tiny pebble into the box without aiming, what is the probability the pebble will not land on the color blue?
3. You have six socks in your drawer, three brown and three black. You get up early in the morning, while it is still dark, reach into your drawer, and grab two socks without looking. What is the probability that the socks are the same color?
4. Suppose you pick a marble from a box containing five red and seven blue marbles. You record the color and put the marble back in the box. What is the probability of getting a blue marble each time if you do this three times?
5. The $\qquad$ of a test is the probability that the test will detect the disease in a person who does have the disease.
A) specificity
B) sensitivity
C) false positive
D) true negative
6. The result of a medical test is a true negative if the people who test negative do not have the disease.
A) True
B) False
7. The prevalence of a disease in a given population is the percentage of the population that does not have the disease.
A) True
B) False
8. $\qquad$ probability is the probability that one event occurs given that another has occurred.
9. ABC College is using a new screening test to test its employees for TB. The following table shows the results of a pilot study:

|  | Has TB | Does not have TB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Test positive | 42 | 26 |
| Test negative | 8 | 240 |

What percentage of the individuals in the study were false negatives?
10. ABC College is using a new screening test to test its employees for TB. The following table shows the results of a pilot study:

|  | Has TB | Does not have TB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Test positive | 42 | 26 |
| Test negative | 8 | 240 |

What percentage of the individuals in the study who had TB tested negative?
11. ABC College is using a new screening test to test its employees for TB. The following table shows the results of a pilot study:

|  | Has TB | Does not have TB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Test positive | 42 | 26 |
| Test negative | 8 | 240 |

For what percentage of the individuals in the study did the test return an incorrect result?
12. The following table gives the results of a screening test for a disease:

|  | Has disease | Does not have disease |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Test positive | 25 | 32 |
| Test negative | 6 | 72 |

Estimate the sensitivity of the test.
13. The following table gives the results of a screening test for a disease:

|  | Has disease | Does not have disease |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Test positive | 25 | 32 |
| Test negative | 6 | 72 |

Estimate the specificity of the test.
14. You roll a fair six-sided die and don't look at it. What is the probability that it is 4 , given that your friend looks and tells you that it is greater than 3 ?
15. In a standard deck of cards, the jack, queen and king are called "face cards." Suppose you draw a card from a standard deck and your friend peeks and lets you know it is a face card. What is the probability that it is a jack or queen given that it is a face card?
16. The area of the Unites States is 3.79 million square miles, and Alaska covers 0.59 million square miles. Suppose a meteorite falls from the sky and strikes Earth. What is the probability it strikes Alaska given that it strikes the United States?
17. Susan bakes 10 chocolate chip and 10 peanut butter cookies. Will bakes 6 chocolate chip and 12 peanut butter cookies. The 38 cookies are put together and offered on a single plate. If you select a cookie at random from the plate, what is the probability that the cookie is peanut butter, given Will baked it?
18. Assume a population of $1,000,000$ was tested for HIV. The following table shows the results:

|  | Infected | Not infected | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test positive | 99,900 | 900 | 100,800 |
| Test negative | 100 | 899,100 | 899,200 |
| Totals | 100,000 | 900,000 | $1,000,000$ |

Find the probability that a person is infected with HIV, given that the person tested positive. Which of the four basic quantities (sensitivity, specificity, PPV, NPV) does this number present?
19. How many outcomes are possible if we toss 8 coins?
20. Two experiments are $\qquad$ if knowing that one event occurs has no effect on the probability of the occurrence of the other.
21. Two events, $A$ and $B$, are independent exactly when $P(A$ and $B)=P(A)+P(B)$.
A) True
B) False
22. A shirt company has three designs that can be made with either short or long sleeves. There are six colors available. How many different types of shirts are available?
23. A shoe store sells one brand of shoe in five styles, six sizes, and three colors. How many different types of shoes are available?
24. A small town's phone numbers either begin 373 or 377 . How many phone numbers are available?
25. You are voting in a state election. There are three candidates for governor, five candidates for lieutenant governor, four candidates for the state house of representatives, and two candidates for senator. How many different ways could you fill out the ballot if you vote once for each office?
26. You roll a die twice. The first time you get an even number and the second time you get an odd number. These two events are independent.
27. You toss a coin three times. What is the probability of getting three heads?

## Answer Key

1. $85 \%$
2. $2 / 3$
3. $2 / 5=0.4=40 \%$
4. $343 / 1728 \approx 0.1985 \approx 19.85 \%$
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. Conditional
9. $2.5 \%$
10. $16.0 \%$
11. $10.8 \%$
12. $80.6 \%$
13. $69.2 \%$
14. $1 / 3$
15. $2 / 3$
16. $15.6 \%$
17. $2 / 3$
18. $99.1 \%$. This number represents PPV.
19. 256
20. independent
21. B
22. 36
23. 90
24. 20,000
25. 120
26. True
27. $1 / 8$
