MATH 120 Section 3.4 Annuity Present Value and Amortization

The <u>present value</u> (PV) of an ordinary annuity is the amount of money you would need to invest today to receive payments (PMT) in the future. Example: How much do you need to invest today (PV) in order to receive payments when you retire (PMT)?

$$PV = PMT \ \frac{1 - (1 + \frac{r}{m})^{-mt}}{(\frac{r}{m})}$$

<u>Amortizing</u> a debt means that the debt (PV) is paid after a given length of time by equal periodic payments (PMT) that include compound interest. Examples: Paying off car payments and home mortgages.

$$PMT = PV \ \frac{\left(\frac{r}{m}\right)}{1 - \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{-mt}}$$

1. E-Loan, an online lending service, recently offered 42-month auto loans at 6.6% compounded monthly to applicants with good credit ratings. If you have a good credit rating and can afford monthly payments of \$225, how much can you borrow from E-Loan? What is the total interest you will pay for this loan?

2. If you buy a computer directly from the manufacturer for \$2100 and agree to repay it in 24 equal installments at 1.3% interest per month (because this is written as a monthly interest rate, this is i and not r) on the unpaid balance, how much are your monthly payments? How much total interest will be paid?

N =	
% =	
$\mathbf{V} =$	
PMT =	
V =	
? /Y =	
C/Y =	

3. You want to purchase an automobile for \$30,877. The dealer offers you 0% financing for 60 months or a \$6778 rebate. You can obtain 6% financing for 60 months at the local bank. Which option should you choose?

N =			
I% =	 		
PV =			
PMT =			
FV =			
P / Y =			
C/Y =			

4. A sailboat costs \$23,636. You pay 15% down and amortize the rest with equal monthly payments over a 8-year period. If you must pay 6.9% compounded monthly, what is your monthly payment?

N =	
I% =	
PV =	
PMT =	
FV =	
P/Y =	
С/Ү =	

5. A home in Rockville costs \$575,000. You pay 20% down and finance the rest at 4.7% for 30 years. What is the mortgage? How much interest will you pay during the life of the loan?

N _	
14 =	
I% =	
$\mathbf{PV} =$	
DMT –	
1 IVII —	
FV =	
Γ'	
$\mathbf{P}/\mathbf{Y} =$	
C/V –	