MATH 120-020 Support 6 Solving Linear Inequalities
Solve the following linear equations.

1. $6 x=-18$
2. $-8 x=24$
3. $9(2 x+1)=9$
4. $-2 x-11=-3$

Solving Linear Inequalities: Solve like an equation (see above), EXCEPT if you multiply or divide both sides by a negative number, you must reverse the direction of the inequality symbol.

Solve the inequality and write the solution a) as an inequality statement, b) in interval notation and c) graph
5. $6 x<-18$
6. $-8 x \leq 24$
7. $9(2 x+1)<9$
8. $-10 x \geq-30$
9. $-2 x-11<-3$

| Inequality Symbol | Meaning | Open or Closed | Endpoint |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $>$ | greater than | open | (parenthesis |
| $\geq$ | greater than or equal <br> to | closed | [ bracket |
| $<$ | less than | open | ( parenthesis |
| $\leq$ | less than or equal to | closed | [ bracket |

Complete the table.

| Inequality Statement | Interval Notation | Graph |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. $x>2$ |  |  |
| 2. $x \leq-1$ |  |  |
| 3. $-3<x \leq 4$ |  |  |
| 4. |  |  |
| 5. |  | $\longleftrightarrow$ |
| 6. |  |  |
| 7. | $[2, \infty)$ |  |
| 8. | $(-\infty,-5)$ |  |
| 9. | $(0,6)$ |  |
| 10. | $[-2,3)$ |  |

