- 1. Flu is spreading through a small school. At time t days after the beginning of the epidemic, there are N(t) students sick, where  $N(t) = 20t t^2$ . What is the average rate of change of the number of sick students from t = 2 to t = 5? Interpret your answer in a sentence, using appropriate units.
- 2. The function f is defined by the graph shown. Based on this graph,
- (a)  $\lim_{x \to -1^-} f(x) =$
- (b)  $\lim_{x \to -1^+} f(x) =$
- (c)  $\lim_{x \to -1} f(x) =$
- (d) f(-1) =
- (e) Is f continuous at x = -1? Why or why not? Use limits in your answer.
- (f)  $\lim_{x\to 3^-} f(x) =$
- (g)  $\lim_{x\to 3^+} f(x) =$
- (h)  $\lim_{x\to 3} f(x)$
- (i) f(3) =
- (j) Is f continuous at x = 3? Why or why not? Use limits in your answer.
- (k) Is f continuous at x = 2? Why or why not? Use limits in your answer.



3. Find each limit algebraically. If the limit does not exist, state this.

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{5}{x}$$
 (b)  $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x}{x-2}$ 

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 + 5x - 24}{x^2 + x - 12}$$

4. The graph of a function f(x) is shown. Based on this graph, for each value of x given, state whether f'(x) is positive, negative, or zero.

х	Is $f'(x)$ zero, negative or positive?
-4	
0	
1	



- 5. The graph of a function f(x) and its tangent line at x = 3 are shown. The equation of the tangent line is y = 10x - 14. Based on this graph, determine the value of
- (a) *f*(3)



(b) f'(3)

- 9. The graph of f'(x), the derivative of a function f is shown.
- (a) On what intervals is the function f increasing?
- (b) On what intervals is the function f decreasing?
- (c) At what value of x, if any, does f have a local minimum?
- (d) At what value of x, if any, does f have a local maximum?
- (e) If it is also known that f(0) = 0, sketch a possible graph of f.

10. Suppose it is known that f'(x) > 0 for all x and f''(x) < 0 for all x. Which of the following could be the graph of f(x)?









