

1. Using "common sense" language, define the following

Line
Point

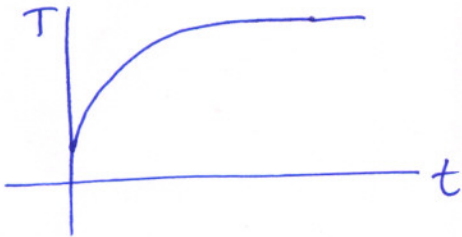
Curve
Maximum

Continuous
Change

Cost
Chain

A **function** is a rule that assigns to each input exactly one output.

2. When you turn on a hot-water faucet, the temperature T of the water depends on how long the water has been running. Draw a rough graph of T as a function of the time t that has elapsed since the faucet was turned on. Include axes labeled with the variables T and t as part of your graph.



The **domain** of a function is the set of all allowable inputs. The **range** is the set of all possible output values.

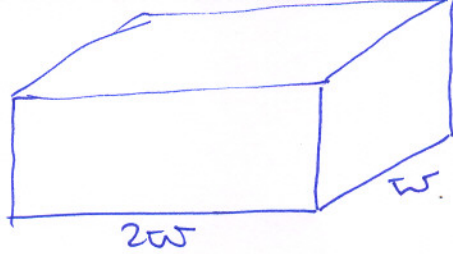
3. A café sells its basic coffee in three different cup sizes: 8, 10, and 14 ounces. They charge \$0.22 per ounce for the drinks.
- a) If the function p is defined so that $p(v)$ is the price of v ounces of coffee, find and interpret the value of $p(10)$. *A 10 oz cup of coffee costs \$2.20*
- b) What are the domain and range of p ?

Domain : $\{8, 10, 14\}$
Range $\{\$1.76, \$2.20, \$3.08\}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ 8 \\ \hline 176 \end{array}$$

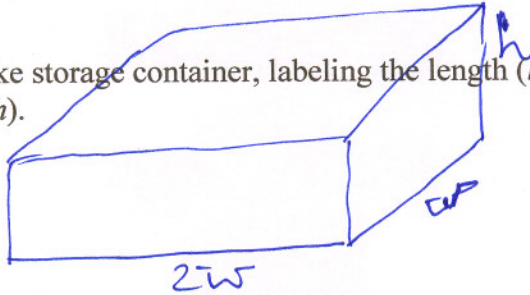
$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline 220 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ 14 \\ \hline 88 \\ 22 \\ \hline 308 \end{array}$$



4. A rectangular storage container has an open top. The length of its base is twice its width. Material for the base costs \$10 per square meter; material for the sides costs \$6 per square meter.

- a) Draw the box-like storage container, labeling the length (l) and width (w) of the base, and the height (h).



- b) Express the area of the base in terms of the width of the container.

$$A = (2w)(w) = 2w^2$$

- c) Express the cost of material for the base in terms of the width of the container.

$$\text{Cost} = (10)(2w^2) = 20w^2$$

- d) Express the area of the sides in terms of the width and the height.

$$A = wh + wh + 2wh + 2wh = 6wh$$

- e) Express the cost of material for the sides in terms of the width and the height.

$$\text{Cost} = 6(6wh) = 36wh$$

- f) Express the total cost of materials in terms of the width and the height.

$$\text{Total Cost} = 20w^2 + 36wh$$

- g) The volume of the rectangular container is 10 m^3 . Using the fact that volume = width · length · height, express the total cost of materials in terms of the width only.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= Lwh \\ &= (2w)(w)(h) \\ &= 2w^2h \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10 = 2w^2h \\ 5 = w^2h \\ h = \frac{5}{w^2} \end{array} \right.$$

5. Let $f(x) = x^2 - 1$. What is $f(2)$? $f(-2)$? $f(\text{☺})$? $f(h)$? $f(1+h)$?

$$f(2) = 4 - 1 = 3$$

$$f(-2) = 4 - 1 = 3$$

$$f(\text{☺}) = \text{☺}^2 - 1$$

$$f(h) = h^2 - 1$$

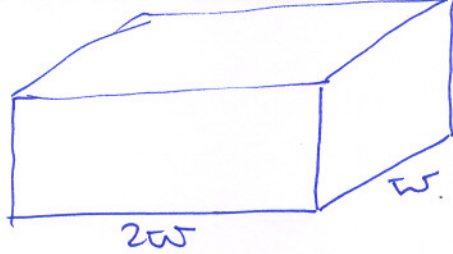
$$f(1+h) = (1+h)^2 - 1$$

$$= 1 + 2h + h^2 - 1 = 2h + h^2$$

$$\text{Total Cost} = 20w^2 + 36wh$$

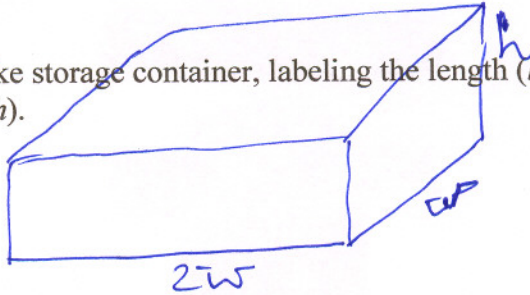
$$= 20w^2 + 36w \left(\frac{5}{w^2} \right)$$

$$= 20w^2 + \frac{180}{w}$$



4. A rectangular storage container has an open top. The length of its base is twice its width. Material for the base costs \$10 per square meter; material for the sides costs \$6 per square meter.

- a) Draw the box-like storage container, labeling the length (l) and width (w) of the base, and the height (h).



- b) Express the area of the base in terms of the width of the container.

$$A = (2w)(w) = 2w^2$$

- c) Express the cost of material for the base in terms of the width of the container.

$$\text{Cost} = (10)(2w^2) = 20w^2$$

- d) Express the area of the sides in terms of the width and the height.

$$A = wh + wh + 2wh + 2wh = 6wh$$

- e) Express the cost of material for the sides in terms of the width and the height.

$$\text{Cost} = 6(6wh) = 36wh$$

- f) Express the total cost of materials in terms of the width and the height.

$$\text{Total Cost} = 20w^2 + 36wh$$

- g) The volume of the rectangular container is 10 m^3 . Using the fact that volume = width · length · height, express the total cost of materials in terms of the width only.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= Lwh \\ &= (2w)(w)(h) \\ &= 2w^2h \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10 = 2w^2h \\ 5 = w^2h \\ h = \frac{5}{w^2} \end{array} \right.$$

5. Let $f(x) = x^2 - 1$. What is $f(2)$? $f(-2)$? $f(\text{☺})$? $f(h)$? $f(1+h)$?

$$\begin{aligned} f(2) &= 4 - 1 = 3 \\ f(-2) &= 4 - 1 = 3 \\ f(\text{☺}) &= \text{☺}^2 - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(h) &= h^2 - 1 \\ f(1+h) &= (1+h)^2 - 1 \\ &= 1 + 2h + h^2 - 1 = 2h + h^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Cost} &= 20w^2 + 36wh \\ &= 20w^2 + 36w \left(\frac{5}{w^2} \right) \\ &= 20w^2 + \frac{180}{w} \end{aligned}$$