Test I Form B (Fall 2007)

Solution Total Possible Points = 150 Plus 10 pts Extra Credits Name:

1) City B is located at 75 miles west and 25 miles north of city A. City C is located at 100 miles east and 125 miles south of city A. Find the distance between city B and city C. You can choose city A as the origin of the rectangular coordinate system. Write your answer rounded to two decimal places, if necessary. (5 Points)

B=(-75,25) C = (100, -125)BC = (100--75)2+(-125-25)2 = 230.49 miles

2) Find the standard form of equation of a circle with endpoints of a diameter at (5 P

Center = (5+-1, 9+3) = (2, 6)(5,9) and (-1,3) Center =  $(5+-1)^2$ ,  $r = \sqrt{(5-2)^2 + (9-6)^2} = \sqrt{9+9} = \sqrt{18}$  $(X-2)^{2} + (y-6)^{2} = 18$ 

3) If (a, 2a) is a point on the graph of 3x - 2y = 17, what is a?

3(a) - 2(2a) = 17

(5x - 4)(x + 2)

 $X = \frac{4}{7}$ , X = -2

, ) Xintercepts

(5 Points)

3a - 4a = 17 $-\alpha = \sqrt{7}$ 

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4) Find the x and y intercepts of the following  $5x^2 + 6x - 8 - y = 0$ To find X intercept let y = 0  $5x^2 + 6x - 8 = 0$ The find

(5 Points)

te find yntercept let 
$$X = 0$$
  
 $5(0)^{2} + 6(0) - 8 - y = 0$   
 $y = 8$   
yintercept = (0, 8)



5) An open box with a square base is required to have a volume of 50 cubic feet. Express the amount A of material used to make such a box as a function of the length x of a side of the base.

(5 Points)

$$x^{2}y = 50 \qquad = y = \frac{50}{x^{2}}$$

$$A = x^{2} + 4x \left(\frac{50}{x^{2}}\right)$$

$$A = x^{2} + \frac{200}{x} \qquad x > 0$$

6) Find the center and radius of the circle with the given equation  $4x^2 + 4y^2 - 24x + 16y - 20 = 0$  Divide by 4







8) Find the average rate of change for the function  $f(x) = 4x^3 - 5x + 2$ - 4 to X between X,J ....3

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$$\frac{-4}{-234} \quad Avg Rate g Change = \frac{4x-5x+2-(-234)}{x-(-4)} (7 \text{ points}) \\
\times 4x^3-5x+2 \qquad = \frac{4x^3-5x+2-(-234)}{x-(-4)} (6 \text{ points}) \\
\qquad Algebraically Solve: \\
9) \quad \sqrt{2x+3}-x+10=10$$
(6 points)

(6 points)

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$$\sqrt{2X+3} = X \qquad \qquad \chi^{2} - 2X - 3 = 0$$

$$2X+3 = \chi^{2} \qquad (X-3)(X+1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{X=3} \qquad (X-3)(X+1) = 0$$



## 10) David has available 900 yards of fencing and wishes to enclose a rectangular area.

- (5 points Each)
- a) Express the area A of the rectangle as a function of the width x of the rectangle.

$$2x + 2y = 900 \implies x + y = 450$$
  
$$y = 450 - x$$
  
$$A = xy = x(450 - x) = 450x - x^{2}$$

b) What is the domain of A?



11) Write an equation of the line passing through the point (6, 5) and perpendicular to the line y = 3x - 5. (10 points)



12) Use long division method and perform  $3x^{3}+2x^{2}-x+3 \text{ divided by } x+3$   $3x^{3}+2x^{2}-x+3$   $4x+3 = 3x^{2}-7x+3$   $9x^{3}+9x^{2}$   $-7x^{2}-x$   $9x^{3}+9x^{2}$   $-7x^{2}-x$   $9x^{2}+3x^{2}$   $-7x^{2}-x$   $9x^{2}+3x^{2}$   $7x^{2}+2x^{2}$   $7x^{2}+2x^{2}+2x^{2}$   $7x^{2}+2x^{2}$  13) Each month a gas station sells x gallons of gas at \$2.99 per gallon. The cost to the owner of the gas station for each gallon of gas is \$1.99, and the monthly fixed cost for running the gas station is \$27000. (10 points)

a) Find the cost function. (Hint: Cost = Variable Cost + Fixed Cost)

$$(light) = 1.99 \times + 27000$$

- b) Find the revenue function. (Hint: Revenue = Price \* Quantity)  $\begin{pmatrix} R = 2.99 \\ X \end{pmatrix}$
- c) Write an equation that relates the monthly profit, in dollars, to the number of gallons of gasoline sold. (Hint: Profit = Revenue Cost)

$$f = 2.99 \times - (1.99 \times + 27000) = 1 \times - 27000$$

d) If the monthly profit is \$113000, find the number of gallons of gas that are sold in that month.

$$\frac{||3000 = |X - 27000}{|40000 = X}$$
  
Gallons

- 14) A wire of length 10x is bent into the shape of a circle.
  - a) Express the circumference of the circle as a function of x.

$$C(x) = 10\chi$$
  

$$2\pi r = 10\chi \implies r = \frac{10\chi}{2\pi} = \frac{5\chi}{\pi}$$

(10

b) Express the area of the circle as a function of x.

$$A = \pi r^2 = \pi \left(\frac{5\chi}{\pi}\right)^2 = \frac{25\pi\chi^2}{\pi^2} = \frac{25\chi^2}{\pi} \Big)$$

15) Find the value of  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$  assuming h is not zero for the function  $f(x) = 4x^2 - 5$ (Clearly state each of the steps of the process.)

$$f(x+h) = 4(x+h)^{2} - 5 = 4(x^{2}+2xL+h^{2})(10 \text{ points})$$

$$f(x+h) = 4x^{2}+8xh+4h^{2} - 5$$

$$f(x+h) - f(x) = 4x^{2}+8xh+4h^{2} - 5 - (4x^{2}-5) = h(8x+4h)$$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{K(8x+4h)}{k} = \frac{8x+4h}{k}$$

16) Given 
$$f(x) = -4x^2 + 5x + 35$$
. Find x such that  $f(x) = 15$  (5 points)  
 $-4x^2 + 5x + 35 = 15$   $x = -(-5) \pm \sqrt{25 - 4(4)(-25)}$   
 $-4x^2 + 5x + 20 = 0$   
 $4x^2 - 5x - 20 = 0$   
17) Give the domain of the function.  
a)  $f(x) = 3x^2 + \frac{2}{x-7} + 5$  b)  $f(x) = \sqrt{-5x+10}$   
Domain  $x^3$  dll Reals except 7  
 $-5x + 10 \ge 0$   
 $-5x \ge -15$   
( $x \le 2$ )  
( $x \ge 2.95$   
 $-(.70)$   
17) Give the domain of the function.  
( $x \ge 0$ )  $f(x) = 3x^2 + \frac{2}{x-7} + 5$  b)  $f(x) = \sqrt{-5x+10}$   
 $-5x \ge -15$   
( $x \le 2$ )  
18) Use Quadratic formula to solve the following:  $4x^2 + 12x = -2$  (6 points)  
 $4x^2 + 12x + 2 = 0$ 

$$X = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{(12)^2 - 4(4)(2)}}{8} = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{112}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{-12 \pm 4\sqrt{7}}{8} = \frac{-3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{7}}{2}$$
  

$$\times \frac{-0.177}{5} - 2.823$$

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(0, 0) 19) Let P = (x, y) be a point on the graph of  $y = 2x^2 - 8$   $(\chi, 2\chi^2 - 8)$  (10 points)

a) Express the distance d from P to the origin as a function of x.

$$d = \sqrt{(\chi - 0)^{2} + (2\chi^{2} - 8 - 0)^{2}} = \sqrt{\chi^{2} + (2\chi^{2} - 8)^{2}}$$
b) What is d if x = 0?  $d(a) = \sqrt{a^{2} + (-8)^{2}} = 8$   
c) What is d if x = 1?  $d(1) = \sqrt{1 + (-6)^{2}} = \sqrt{37}$   
d) For what values of x is d smallest?  

$$\chi = \pm 1.97$$

$$\frac{\chi}{20} \text{ The graph of } y = f(x) \text{ is given below:}_{New} \text{Sketch a graph of } y = -[f(x-2)-3] \times Down 3$$

$$\frac{\chi}{4} + \frac{y}{6} + \frac{y}{6} + \frac{y}{3} + \frac{$$

## 21) Extra Credit (10 points)

a)

2-50t

b)

35t

E

Two cars are approaching an intersection. One is 2 miles north of the intersection and is moving at a constant speed of 50 miles per hour. At the same time, the other car is 3 miles west of the intersection and is moving at a constant speed of 35 miles per hour.

Express the distance d between the cars as a function of time t.

$$d = \sqrt{(2-s_0t)^2 + (-3+35t)^2}$$

At time t = 1 Hour, what is the distance between the cars?

 $d = \sqrt{(2-50)^2 + (-3+35)^2} = 57.69 \text{ miles}$