- 1. Given the function  $f(x) = e^{-x^2}$ ,  $-3 \le x \le 3$ Estimate the area under the graph of f(x) using six (hint: n = 6)approximating rectangles and taking the sample points to be: (2 Pts Each)
  - a) right endpoints

b) left endpoints

c) midpoints

2. Use the Midpoint Rule with the given value of n to approximate the integral. Round your answer to four decimal places.(2 Pts)

$$\int_{1}^{2} 5 + \sqrt{2 - x^2} dx$$

$$n = 5$$

3. If 
$$\int_{8}^{2} f(x)dx = -0.7$$
 and  $\int_{5}^{8} f(x)dx = 2.5$  and  $\int_{2}^{5} g(x)dx = 8$  Evaluate the following (if possible; otherwise, indicate N/A as your answer) (2 pts each)

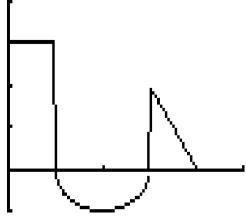
a) Find 
$$\int_2^5 f(x)dx$$
.

b) Find 
$$\int_2^5 f(x)g(x)dx$$

c) Find 
$$\int_2^5 \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} dx$$

4. If 
$$\int_a^3 3x^2 dx = 37$$
, find the value of "a". (3 points)

5. Consider the graph of the function f(x) and



Using geometry compute the following:

(3 Points)

a) 
$$\int_0^1 f(x) \ dx$$

b) 
$$\int_{1}^{3} f(x) \ dx$$

c) 
$$\int_0^4 f(x) \ dx$$