Solution

1) Given
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x+1}$$

find
$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$f(x+h) = \frac{3}{x+h+1}$$

$$f(x+h)-f(x) = \frac{3}{x+h+1} - \frac{3}{x+1} = \frac{3(x+1)-3(x+h+1)}{(x+1)(x+h+1)} = \frac{3x+3-3x-3h-3}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$$

$$\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h} = \frac{-3h}{(x+h)(x+h+1)} = \frac{h}{(x+h)(x+h+1)} = \frac{-3k}{(x+h)(x+h+1)} \cdot \frac{h}{k}$$

$$=\frac{-3}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$$

2) A box with an open top is to be constructed from a rectangular piece of cardboard with dimensions 15 inches by 25 inches by cutting out equal squares of side x at each corner and then folding up the sides. Express the volume V of the box as a function of x and state the domain of this function. (5 Points)

$$V = X (15-2x)(25-2x)$$

$$= (15x - 2x^{2})(25-2x) = 375X - 30X^{2} - 50X^{2} + 4X^{3}$$

$$= 4x^{3} - 80X^{2} + 375X$$

(100, 2200) (300, 4800)

- 3) The manager of a furniture factory finds that it costs \$2200 to manufacture 100 chairs in one day, and \$4800 to produce 300 chairs in one day. (2 Points Each)
- a) Express the cost as a function of the number of chairs produced, assuming that it is linear.

$$M = \frac{4800 - 2200}{300 - 100} = \frac{2600}{200} = 13$$

$$y-2200 = 13(x-100)$$

 $y = 13x - 1300 + 2200$
 $y = 13x + 900 + C(x) = 13x + 900$

b) What is the slope of the graph and what does it represent?

Slope is 13 and it means that each additional chair Costs \$13 to make.

c) What is the y-intercept of the graph and what does it represent? Yntercept is (9,900)

the fixed east is 900

4) Use the following table to evaluate the expressions.

(4 Points)

X	1	2	3	4	5	6
f(x)	3	1	4	2	2	5
g(x)	6	3	2	1	2	3

a)
$$(f \circ g \circ g)(1) = f(g(6))$$

= $f(3) = 4$

b)
$$(g \circ g \circ f)(1) = g(g(3))$$

= $g(2) = 3$
d) $(f \circ g)(6) = 3$

c)
$$(g \circ f)(3) =$$

$$= f(3) = 4$$

Name: Solution

1) Given
$$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{5}$$
 Find $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$

Find
$$\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$$

(5 Points)

$$(x+h) = \frac{x+h+2}{5}$$

$$f(x+h) = \frac{x+h+2}{5}$$

 $f(x+h) - f(x) = \frac{x+h+2}{5} - \frac{x+2}{5}$

$$= \frac{x + h + x - x - x}{5} = \frac{h}{5}$$

$$f(X+h) - f(x) = \frac{h}{5} = \frac{h}{h} = \frac{1}{5}$$

Find a formula that describes the following function: 2)

$$M = \frac{0-1}{2^{2}-3} = \frac{1}{1} = -1$$

$$(x-0)^{2} + (y-0)^{2} = 2^{2}$$

$$y^{2} = 4 - x^{2}$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{4} - x^{2}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -X - 2 & X \leq -2 \\ 4 - X^2 & -2 \leq X \leq 2 \\ X - 2 & 2 \leq X \end{cases}$$

$$(1000, 9000) \quad m = 12000 - 9000 = 3000$$

$$(1500, 12000) \quad 1500 - 1000 = 500$$

- 3) A small-appliance manufacturer finds that it costs \$9000 to produce 1000 toaster ovens a week and \$12000 to produce 1500 toaster ovens a week. (6 Points)
 - a) Express the cost as a function of the number of the toaster ovens produced, assuming that it is linear.

b) What is the slope of the graph and what does it represent?

The stope is 6 and it means that each additional traster costs \$6 to make.

c) What is the y-intercept of the graph and what does it represent?

4) Use the following table to evaluate the expressions.

(4 Points)

X	1	2	3	4	5	6
f(x)	3	1	4	2	2	5
g(x)	6	3	2	1	2	3

a)
$$(f \circ g \circ g)(1) = f(g(6))$$

= $f(3) = 4$

b)
$$(g \circ g \circ f)(1) =$$

$$g(g(3)) = g(2) = 3$$

c)
$$(g \circ f)(3) = \frac{1}{2}$$

d)
$$(f \circ g)(6) =$$