## DIRECTIONS:

Show all your work, use exact values and units where appropriate. Full credit will be given only when the work you show on paper supports your final answer.

Simplify the following expression as much as possible. [4 pts]

$$\frac{(2x^2-3)5x+(5-x^3)3x}{(2x^2-3)^2} = \frac{10x^3-15x+18x-3x^4}{(2x^2-3)^2} = \frac{x^3(10-3x)}{(2x^2-3)^2}$$

2. [4 pts] If 
$$f(x) = \frac{5}{x-1}$$

a) Find 
$$f(3) = \frac{5}{2}$$

b) Evaluate and simplify: 
$$\frac{f(x)-f(3)}{x-3} = \frac{\frac{5}{X-1} - \frac{5}{2}}{\frac{2}{X-3}} = \frac{\frac{10-5(X-1)}{2(X-1)}}{\frac{2(X-1)}{X-3}}$$

$$= \frac{10-5\times+5}{2(x-1)} \cdot \frac{1}{x-3} = \frac{15-5\times}{2(x-1)(x-3)} = \frac{5(3-x)}{2(x-1)(x-3)}$$
$$= \frac{-5(x-3)}{2(x-1)(x-3)} = \frac{-5}{2(x-1)(x-3)}$$

$$f(x+h) = \frac{1}{x+h+1}$$

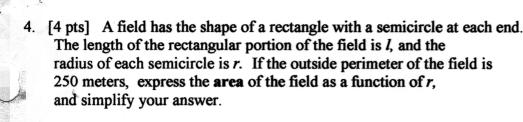
[4 pts]
3. Given 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$$
; find  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{x+1}{x+1}$ 

$$\frac{1}{[4 \text{ pts}]} = \frac{1}{X+h+1}$$

$$\frac{1}{[4 \text{ pts}]} = \frac{1}{X+1}; \text{ find } \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h} = \frac{1}{X+h+1} = \frac{1}{X+1}$$

$$\frac{X+h+1}{h} = \frac{1}{X+h+1} = \frac{1}{X+h+1} = \frac{1}{X+h+1} = \frac{1}{X+h+1} = \frac{1}{X+h+1}$$

$$\frac{X+h+1}{(X+h+1)(X+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{h} = \frac{1}{(X+h+1)(X+1)} = \frac{1}{(X+h+1)(X+1)}$$



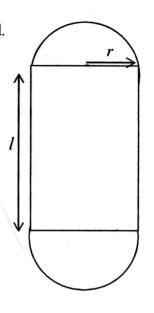
$$2\pi r + 2L = 250$$

$$\pi r + L = 125 \implies L = 125 - \pi r$$

$$= \pi r^{2} + (L)(2r)$$

$$= \pi r^{2} + (125 - \pi r)(2r)$$

 $=\pi r^2 + 250r - 2\pi r^2 = 250r - \pi r^2 (m^2)$ 



173 chirps per minute at 80°F. (a) Find a linear equation that models the temperature T as a function of the number of chirps per

(b) What is the slope of the graph? What does it represent in terms of the story?

$$T = \frac{1}{6}(150) + \frac{307}{6} = 76.167$$
 F