MA 182 Section 7.4

1. I-131 is a medically important radio isotope of iodine. I-131 has an 8-day half-life; that is, after an 8-day period, one half of a sample's radioactivity will remain. How long will it take a sample of I-131 to lose 95% of its radioactivity?

2. Newton's Law of Heating and Cooling

Newton proposed that the temperature of a hot object decreases at a rate proportional to the difference between its temperature and the temperature of its surroundings. Similarly, a cold object heats up at a rate proportional to the difference between its temperature and the temperature of its surroundings. Use this property to solve the following problem.

When a murder is committed, the body, originally at 37° C, cools according to Newton's Law of Cooling. Suppose that after two hours, the temperature is 35° C, and that the temperature of the surrounding air is 20° C.

- (a) Let y be the temperature of the body at time t, the time in hours since the murder was committed. Set up the differential equation that models this situation.
- (b) Solve the differential equation in part (a) to find the temperature, y, as a function of t.

(c) If the body was found at 4 pm at a temperature of 30° C, at what time was the murder committed?